

ABSTRACTS AND KEYWORDS
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Ivan S. Bazhenov, Ph.D. in Law, Moscow
E-mail: pravoniifsin@mail.ru

**LEGAL REGULATION OF PROTECTION OF HONOUR, DIGNITY, AND
BUSINESS REPUTATION**

Abstract: In this paper the author examines the notions of honour, dignity and reputation as philosophical categories; today's limits laid down in the laws within which it is allowed to disseminate information that is damaging to honour, dignity, and business reputation are considered; the existing contradictions in laws currently in force which are related to the implementation of the procedure of protection of honour, dignity, and business reputation under civil law are identified, certain aspects of normative legal regulation of protection of honour, dignity, and business reputation of employees of bodies and institutions of the penal system under civil law are determined, and proposals for improving the laws are put forth.

Keywords: honour, dignity, business reputation, compensation for moral damages, natural (physical) person (citizen), juridical person, protection of honour, dignity, and business reputation under civil law, penal system, Federal Penitentiary Service, mass media.

Denis G. Dobretsov, Ph.D. in Law, Moscow
E-mail: denisdobretsov@mail.ru

ENSURING ECOLOGICAL SAFETY

Abstract: Normative legal regulation of social relations and administrative liability for failure to comply with mandatory requirements in the field of ecological safety of hydraulic structures is analysed in the paper, existing deficiencies of legal regulation are considered, and a description of the current state of legal regulation of administrative liability in this field is presented.

Keywords: ecological safety, hydraulic structures, administrative liability.

*A.M. Fumm, Ph.D. in Law, Associate Professor
E-mail: yanok83@mail.ru*

HISTORICAL ASPECTS OF CRIME PREVENTION AT DETENTION FACILITIES

Abstract: The main milestones of the development of the system of crime prevention at detention facilities are considered using documentary and archival material.

Keywords: detention facilities, punishment, prisoner, escape, crime prevention.

*Aleksandr V. Gerasimov, Moscow
E-mail: Gera2412@yandex.ru*

MONITORING OF LAW ENFORCEMENT: IN SEARCH OF NOTIONAL (TERMINOLOGICAL) UNITY

Abstract: Terminological issues of defining monitoring of law enforcement are considered in the paper. Essential features of monitoring of law enforcement are examined basing on the analysis of works of eminent law scholars and a conclusion is made on the need for notional unity, due to the fact that many theoretical provisions of the new and juridically significant institution of monitoring of law enforcement remain disputed and a consolidated standpoint on its operational contents is absent. In this paper the author conducts a legal doctrinal analysis of the definition of 'monitoring of law enforcement' and puts forth a practically oriented approach to understanding its essence.

Keywords: monitoring, law enforcement, legislation, theory of law.

*Pavel A. Kabanov, Doctor of Science in Law,
Associate Professor, Kazan
E-mail: kabanovp@mail.ru*

VICTIMOLOGICAL MONITORING OF CRIME INJURY RATE IN THE REPUBLIC OF TATARSTAN BASED ON THE STATISTICAL DATA FOR 2009-2013

Abstract: An analysis of crime injury rate in the Republic of Tatarstan as a negative consequence of crime, which is based on the official statistical data over the period of 2009 to 2013, is presented in the paper. Its results allow to come to the conclusion that a drop in the crime rate and number of victims of crime in this subject of the Russian Federation doesn't have any impact on crime injury rate which continues to grow.

Keywords: victimological monitoring, crime injury rate, victims of crime, victimology, Republic of Tatarstan.

*Gabil S.o. Kurbanov, Doctor of Science in Law,
Professor, Baku (Azerbaijan)
E-mail: kurbanovatanya@inbox.ru*

ISSUES OF IMPROVING LEGAL REGULATION OF SOCIALLY DANGEROUS CONSEQUENCES OF CRIMES

Abstract: The notion of socially dangerous consequences, their kinds and some specific features of their legal regulation are considered in the paper. Proposals for improving the lawmaking technique of developing the criminal law standards to the end of enhancing their efficiency and reasonable practicality are put forth.

Keywords: consequences of crime, criminal consequences, socially dangerous consequences, criminal harm, damage, criminal actions, criminal failure to act, elements of an offence.

*Mikhail V. Kostennikov, Doctor of Science in Law, Professor
E-mail: m2263768@yandex.ru*

*Aleksey V. Kurakin, Doctor of Science in Law, Professor
E-mail: kurakinaleksey@gmail.com*

ANTICORRUPTION STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT FOR PUBLIC OFFICERS

Abstract: Legal and organisational problems of implementing anticorruption standards of professional conduct for public officers are considered in the paper; it is noted that these standards are a constituent part of their status in accordance with administrative law; besides, it is also noted that the government is using various administrative law means to form an environment that would not be susceptible to corruption offences.

Keywords: corruption, offence, standard, ethics, conduct, status, responsibility, control, regulation, counteraction, law.

*Olga A. Lyapina, Ph.D. in Law, Voronezh
E-mail: olgaljapina@mail.ru*

CRIME PREVENTION IN GERMANY (OVERVIEW OF THE 19TH GERMAN CRIME PREVENTION DAY (12-13th OF MAY 2014, KARLSRUHE)

PART 1

Editorial note: Our journal starts publishing the materials of Ms. Olga A. Lyapina, a postdoctoral student at the Russian Law Academy and a participant of the hearings on law (conference) held in Karlsruhe in May 2014. The development of Russian jurisprudence before the 1917 revolution as well as Soviet and today's Russian jurisprudence is strongly influenced by European, especially German jurisprudence. So the more interesting these materials will be for Russian scholars; we shall spread them over multiple issues of the journal due to their large size.

*Larisa F. Pertli, Ph.D. in Law, Moscow
E-mail: larisa.pertli@mail.ru*

ESCAPES OF PRISONERS IN PRE-REVOLUTIONARY RUSSIA

Abstract: The results of a historical and legal research on one of penitentiary offences, namely, escape from a detention facility, and liability for committing this offence in pre-revolutionary Russia are given in the paper.

Keywords: prisoner, detention facility, escape, criminal law, penal system.

*Valeriya V. Rodina, Ph.D. in Political Science, Moscow
E-mail: velnews@mail.ru*

A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF RTD FINANCING MECHANISMS USING THE EXAMPLES OF RUSSIA AND THE USA

Abstract: The topicality of this paper is due to a need to form a government industrial policy that would meet the requirements of occupational and environmental safety and correspond to a high level of social needs. It is possible to restore the leading positions in scientific and technical progress by means of setting up industries distinguished by a high share of new technologies and an increase in the results of intellectual activities that have been implemented. Under modern conditions it is necessary to look for new approaches and mechanisms of raising the innovative potential of domestic economy and increasing the share of innovation products. The paper describes the specific features of today's mechanisms of financing Research and Technological Development (RTD) and explores the legal framework for securing innovative production. The author of the paper examines the experience of the USA that takes a leading position with regard to the amount of RTD financing which might prove to be useful for domestic business as well as public authorities of the Russian Federation.

Keywords: Research and Technological Development (RTD), industrial policy, USA, Russian Federation, government investment programme, tax exemptions, federal target programmes, law.

Aleksey A. Savichev, Moscow
E-mail: ucx7801@mail.ru

PROBLEMS OF DEVELOPMENT OF LEGAL CULTURE OF THE POPULATION AT THE LEVEL OF SELF-GOVERNMENT

Abstract: Some aspects of the development of legal culture of the population of municipal formations in Russia are considered. The paper is dedicated to certain issues of the work of self-government bodies in the field of legal culture development in the second half of the 19th century, in the Soviet period and today. The general level of legal culture in municipal formations is compared for these historical periods. A justification for the conclusion that legal culture in municipal formations depends on the level of development of democratic procedures in forming self-government bodies is presented. The general state of legal culture in municipal formations is evaluated from the standpoint of citizens' trust to municipal authorities. The degree of such trust is regarded as dependent on the democratic nature of forming these authorities and their further work on improving their own operation.