

ABSTRACTS AND KEYWORDS

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ANTI-CORRUPTION ASSESSMENT OF LAWS: DEVELOPMENT OF PRACTICE AND METHODOLOGY

Keywords: assessment, corruption-generating factors, law-making, methodology, doctrine, legal technique, statistics, development resources, municipal legal instruments.

Abstract. The paper presents an analysis of the practice of anti-corruption assessment of normative acts and their drafts. The structure of corruption-generating potential in the context of results of law-making based on the statistics of the Ministry of Justice of the Russian Federation is given. Essential tasks of doctrine forming as well as development of the methodological foundation of anti-corruption assessment as regards the development of professional competence of specialists active in the sphere of law-making, first of all at the municipal level, capable to apply their skills of identifying corruption-generating factors are noted. Statistical data and examples of the techniques used by the author for identifying corruption-generating factors provide empirical support for the hypotheses put forth in the paper and its conclusions. The resources for the development of anti-corruption assessment are viewed through the prism of audit of normative acts, their legal assessment, including municipal legal instruments.

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LEGAL ASSESSMENT OF DRAFT NORMATIVE ACTS IN REGIONAL LAW-MAKING

Keywords: expert evaluation of a draft normative act, legal assessment of laws, regional law-making, efficiency of laws.

Abstract. The goal of this paper is studying regional laws that regulate conducting a legal assessment of draft normative acts of the subjects of the Russian Federation. The author justifies the role of legal assessment as a key component of regional law-making activities providing unity and integrity of the legal framework over the whole territory of the Russian Federation. The concept of legal assessment of normative acts in the laws of the subjects of

the Russian Federation is analysed in the paper, its types and content are examined. A comparative evaluation of the activities of law-making bodies and independent experts in conducting legal assessments of draft normative acts is given.

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GENERAL THEORETICAL PROBLEMS OF LEGAL ETHNOPOLITICS: AN ANALYSIS OF RUSSIAN LAWS

Keywords: legal ethnopolitics, marginality, migration, polyethnicity, monoethnicity, legal diagnostics, legal monitoring.

Abstract. Topical problems of legal ethnopolitics regulated by modern domestic laws are addressed in the paper. Monitoring normative acts in the sphere of legislative response to increasing migration processes in Russia makes it possible to give a positive evaluation of law-making and law enforcement activities in this sphere.

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ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES OF EXTRA-INSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURES OF PUBLIC AUTHORITIES: LOBBYING UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF MODERNISATION OF TODAY'S LEGAL ENVIRONMENT

Keywords: lobbyism, extra-institutional structures, public authorities, administrative procedures, political activity, civil service, municipal service, Venice Commission, Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe, corruption, democracy, pluralism.

Abstract. Fundamental aspects of functioning of extra-institutional structures of public power exemplified by lobbying activity are considered in the paper. The accentuation of lobbying in the management sphere and the features of today's established legal environment make it possible to state that lobbyism in its most complete form can be articulated and regulated using the institutions of the administration of law. For this reason and in order to increase the efficiency of public administration, concrete proposals regarding rules, standards and components of administrative procedures of lobbying in the activities of officials, public and municipal officers as well as public authorities, are put forth.

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ON THE NEED FOR ECONOMIC, MANAGEMENT, AND LEGAL CAPACITY BUILDING IN THE FIELD OF INTELLECTUAL ACTIVITIES

Keywords: intellectual property, innovative economy, competitiveness, development strategy, regional economy, professional competences.

Abstract. In the next decades the maximum stable vector of economic development will be characteristic for those countries where a flexible system of intellectual property, with clear mechanisms of protection and raising the motivation of the creators of intellectual products, has been set up and efficiently operates.

The problems of development of the institution of intellectual property in the Russian Federation are often, in addition to objective legal ones, of subjective cognitive nature, i. e., lack of understanding and certain knowledge about the role of intellectual property and its importance for the national innovative business environment, about the opportunities of using intellectual property by the society, public institutions, business, organisations in the scientific and educational sphere.

The paper considers debatable issues of shaping the strategy of development of the institution of intellectual property and possibilities for professional capacity building for heads of public authorities and local self-government bodies in the field of intellectual activities through carrying out vocational retraining and advanced training programmes.

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MONITORING FEATURES OF EXTREMISM AMONG YOUNG PEOPLE IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Keywords: extremism, extremism among youth, nationalism, racism, fascism, xenophobia, extremist behaviour of young people, extremist organisation.

Abstract. The goal of this paper is examining the features of extremism among youth in the Russian Federation. The paper is based on general scientific methods of cognition: systems analysis, generalisation, analogy,

systemic approach. It is noted that researchers face a number of problems in analysing such a socially negative phenomenon as youth extremism. One of the most critical is the existence of serious contradictions and lack of consensus in working out a theoretical definition of extremism. Difficulties arise due to the distinct features, complexity, importance, and topicality of this phenomenon. The author has set forth her particular viewpoint on the definition of extremism among youth.

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IMPROVING THE REGULATION OF LEGAL MEANS FOR PROSECUTORIAL RESPONSE TO EXTREMISM OFFENCES

Keywords: countering extremism, public prosecution service, prosecutorial response acts, laws on countering extremist activity, extremism prevention, prosecutor's warning, notice, decision, and order.

Abstract. The paper is devoted to issues of prosecutorial supervision over the execution of the laws on countering extremist activity. It is required to reconsider the changes that have occurred in the social and economic conditions of the Russian society and in the legal regulation of combating extremism and terrorism. The legal foundation for measures of prosecutorial response in the sphere of countering manifestations of extremism is analysed. The experience acquired by public prosecution service bodies in this field is considered. Strengthening of rule of law in the sphere under consideration would be promoted by taking law-making decisions directed at optimising the regulation of instruments of prosecutorial supervision and the practice of their implementation.

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CRIME FORECAST FOR THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION IN 2016 (APPLIED RESEARCH PAPER)

Keywords: state of crime, criminogenic factors, crime forecast, trend, artificial latency, registration discipline, criminological forecasting, prosecutorial supervision.

Abstract. A brief analysis of the state of some of today's crime indicators in the Russian Federation is given in the paper and several variants of the forecast for its dynamics taking into account the influence of a variety of factors on crime are presented. Three scenarios of the crime forecast are set out. The first one is based on the analysis of a variety of criminogenic factors operating in the country over the last 8 (eight) years, it doesn't take into account the strengthening of prosecutorial supervision and control of registration discipline on the part of bodies of the Ministry Internal Affairs that manifested itself in 2015. The second one is based on the assumption that the criminogenic situation in 2016 will develop along the same lines as over the last 3 (three) years. The third one is based on the strengthening of registration discipline which resulted in a significant change in the indicators of registered crime for 2015.

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LEGAL-CUM-MORAL EDUCATION AND RAISING LEGAL AWARENESS IN THE MODERN SCHOOL: PROBLEMS AND WAYS TO SOLVE THEM

Keywords: student, citizen, population, law, morality, legal awareness raising, legal culture, legal nurturing, legal consciousness, school, programme, responsibility, prevention, informing, legal knowledge.

Abstract. In the paper, the authors emphasize the role of legal-cum-moral education of the coming generation for creating a cultured, socially active,

and law-abiding society. The significance of the education system for solving problems of legal-cum-moral education of school age students is mentioned. Problems of legal nurturing and education in educational institutions are identified and analysed. In the legal-cum-moral education process a special place is given to the school. Problems of topical content of legal issues in the social science course offered in the modern school are considered in detail. Proposals to include curricular or extracurricular courses for promoting legal-cum-moral development of personality in curricula of schools of general education and secondary educational institutions are presented. It is noted that legal-cum-moral education of the coming generation should begin from an early age, it must become a top priority task for the modern education system.
